TRIDONIC

Driver LC 44W 1050mA fixC SR ADV2

advanced series



Product description

_ Independent driver with strain-relief housing
_ Extra flat housing for constrained installation conditions (small ceiling cut outs and low ceiling voids)
_ For luminaires of protection class II
_ For luminaires with M and MM as per EN 60598, VDE 0710 and VDE 0711
_ Temperature protection as per EN 61347-2-13 C5e
_ Output current 1,050 mA
_ Nominal lifetime up to 50,000 h
_ 5 years guarantee (conditions at https://www.tridonic.com/en/int/services/manufacturer-guarantee-conditions)

Housing properties

_ Casing: polycarbonate, white
_ Type of protection IP20
_ Push-in terminals
_ 2 separate strain relief parts for input and output cables with highly robust clamps

Functions

_ Overload protection
_ Short-circuit protection
_ No-load protection
_ No output current overshoot at mains on/off
_ Burst protection voltage 1.4 kV
_ Burst protection voltage 1 kV (L to N)
_ Surge protection voltage 2 kV (L/N to earth)

Typical applications

_ For spot light and downlight in retail and hospitality applications
_ For panel light and area light in office and education application

Website

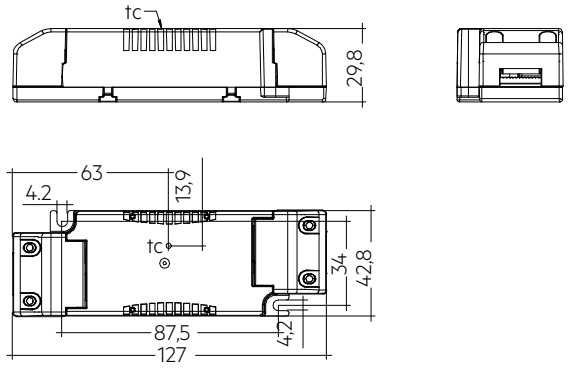
http://www.tridonic.com/87500868



Linear | High bay | Decorative | Downlights | Spotlights | Free-standing | Area | Floor | Wall | Street

Driver LC 44W 1050mA fixC SR ADV2

advanced series



Ordering data

Type	Article number	Packaging, carton	Packaging, low volume	Packaging, high volume	Weight per pc.
LC 44/1050/42 fixC SR ADV2	**87500868**	49 pc(s).	686 pc(s).	3,430 pc(s).	0.108 kg

Technical data

Rated supply voltage	220 – 240 V
AC voltage range	198 – 264 V
λ at full load ①	0.95
λ over full operating range (min.) ①	0.95
Mains frequency	50 / 60 Hz
Overvoltage protection	320 V AC, 1 h
THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 15 %
Output current tolerance ②	± 7.5 %
Typical output LF current ripple at full load ③	± 5 %
Output P_ST_LM (at full load)	≤ 1
Output SVM (at full load)	≤ 0.4
Starting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.5 s
Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.5 s
Hold on time at power failure	0 s
Ambient temperature ta	-25 … +40 °C
Ambient temperature ta (at lifetime 50,000 h)	30 °C
Storage temperature ts	-40 … +80 °C
Lifetime	up to 50,000 h
Guarantee (conditions at www.tridonic.com)	5 Year(s)
Dimensions L x W x H	127 x 43 x 30 mm

Approval marks

IP20 SELV RoHS

Standards

EN 55015, EN 60598-1, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3, EN 61347-1, EN 61347-2-13, EN 61547, EN 62384

Specific technical data

Type	Output current ②	Typ. rated current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load	Max. input power	Typ. power consumption (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	Output power range	Efficiency at full load ③	Efficiency at min. load ③	Min. forward voltage	Max. forward voltage	Max. output voltage (U-OUT)	Max. peak output current ④	Max. casing temperature tc
LC 44/1050/42 fixC SR ADV2	1,050 mA	0.23 A	51 W	50 W	34.7 – 44.1 W	90 %	88 %	33 V	42 V	60 V	1,181 mA	80 °C

① Test result at 230 V, 50 Hz.
② Output current is mean value.
③ Typical value at full load, depend on load's V-I character.
④ The trend between min. and full load is linear and depend on load's V-I character.

1. Standards

EN 55015
EN 61000-3-2
EN 61000-3-3
EN 61347-1
EN 61347-2-13
EN 61547
EN 60598-1
EN 62384

1.1 Glow wire test

according to EN 60598-1 with increased temperature of 850 °C passed.

2. Thermal details and lifetime

2.1 Expected lifetime

Expected lifetime

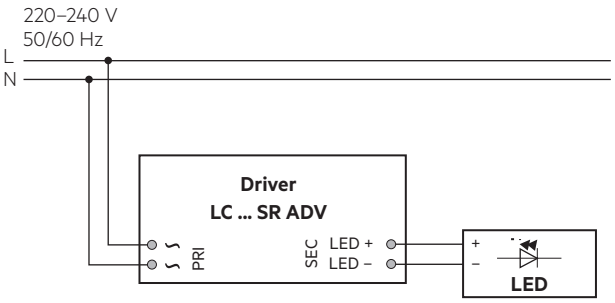
Type	ta	30 °C	40 °C
LC 44/1050/42 fixC SR ADV2	tc	70 °C	80 °C
	Lifetime	50,000 h	30,000 h

The LED drivers are designed for a lifetime stated above under reference conditions and with a failure probability of less than 10 %.
Lifetime declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim.

The relation of tc to ta temperature depends also on the luminaire design. If the measured tc temperature is approx. 5 K below tc max., ta temperature should be checked and eventually critical components (e.g. ELCAP) measured. Detailed information on request.

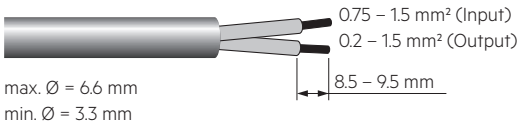
3. Installation / wiring

3.1 Circuit diagram



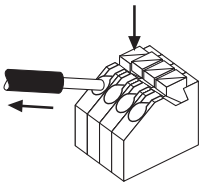
3.2 Wiring type and cross section

For wiring use stranded wire with ferrules or solid wire from 0.75–1.5 mm² (mains wires) and 0.2–1.5 mm² (secondary wires, LED module).
Strip 8.5–9.5 mm of insulation from the cables to ensure perfect operation of the push-wire terminals.
Use one wire for each terminal connector only.
The max. torque at the clamping screw (M3) is 0.3 Nm.



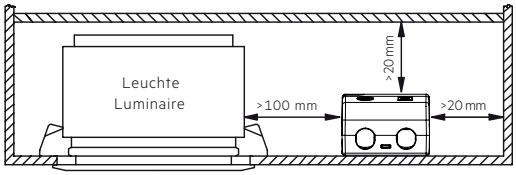
3.3 Release of the wiring

Press down the “push button” and remove the cable from front.



3.4 Fixing conditions when using as independent Driver with Clip-On

Dry, acidfree, oilfree, fatfree. It is not allowed to exceed the maximum ambient temperature (ta) stated on the device. Minimum distances stated below are recommendations and depend on the actual luminaire.
Is not suitable for fixing in corner.



3.5 Wiring guidelines

- All connections must be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMI behaviour.
- Mains leads should be kept apart from LED driver and other leads (ideally 5 – 10 cm distance)
- Max. length of output wires is 2 m.
- To comply with the EMC regulations run the secondary wires (LED module) in parallel.
- Secondary switching is not permitted.
- Incorrect wiring can demage LED modules.
- To avoid the damage of the Driver, the wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).

3.6 Replace LED module

1. Mains off
2. Remove LED module
3. Wait for 30 seconds
4. Connect LED module again

Hot plug-in or secondary switching of LEDs is not permitted and may cause a very high current to the LEDs.

3.7 Installation instructions

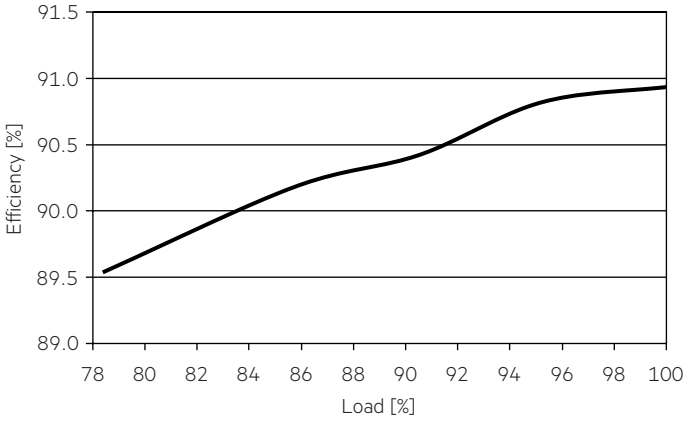
The LED module and all contact points within the wiring must be sufficiently insulated against 3 kV surge voltage.
Air and creepage distance must be maintained.

3.8 Mounting of device

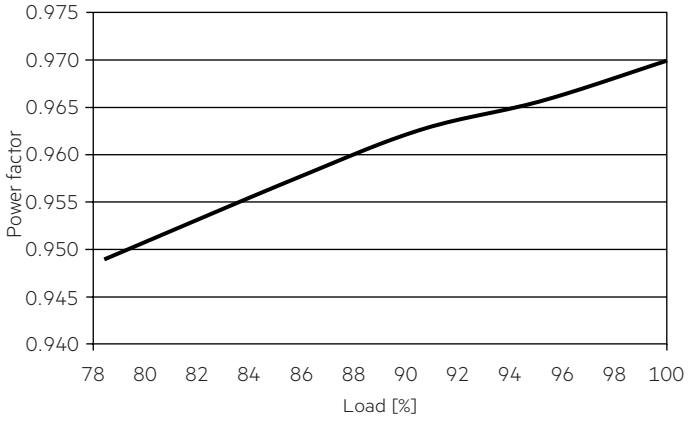
Max. torque for fixing: 0.5 Nm/M4

4. Electrical values

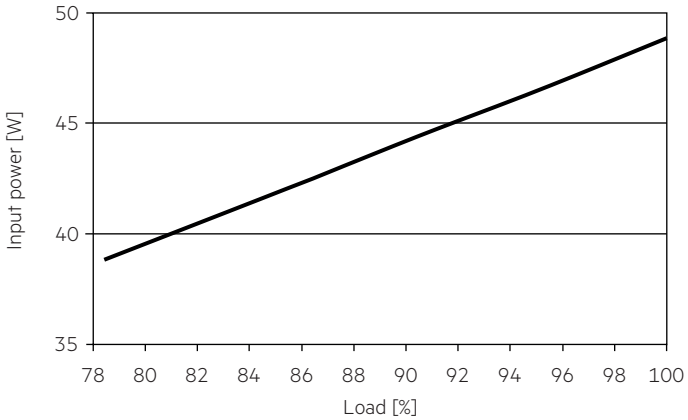
4.1 Efficiency vs load



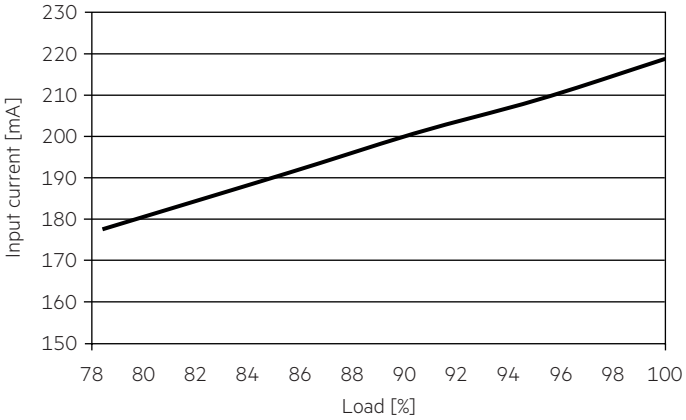
4.2 Power factor vs load



4.3 Input power vs load

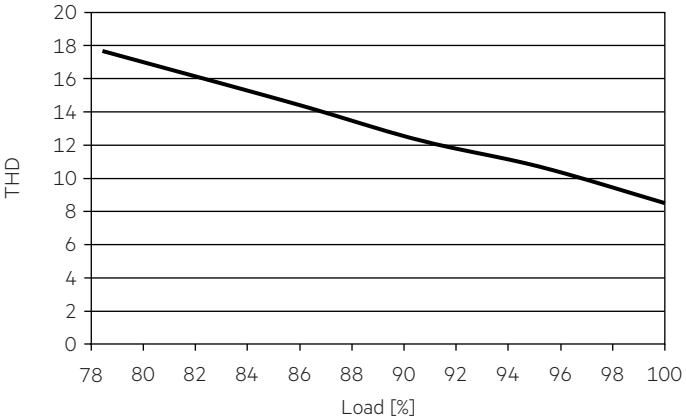


4.4 Input current vs load



4.5 THD vs load

THD without harmonic < 5 mA (0.6 %) of the input current:



4.6 Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers in relation to inrush current

Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers

Automatic circuit breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20	Inrush current	
Installation Ø	1.5 mm²	1.5 mm²	1.5 mm²	2.5 mm²	1.5 mm²	1.5 mm²	1.5 mm²	2.5 mm²	I_{max}	Time
LC 44/1050/42 fixC SR ADV2	25	35	46	58	15	21	28	36	30 A	160 µs

These are max. values calculated out of inrush current! Please consider not to exceed the maximum rated continuous current of the circuit breaker.
Calculation uses typical values from ABB series S200 as a reference.
Actual values may differ due to used circuit breaker types and installation environment.

4.7 Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 230 V / 50 Hz and full load) in %

	THD	3.	5.	7.	9.	11.
LC 30/700/42 fixC SR ADV2	< 15	< 10	< 7	< 5	< 5	< 3

Acc. to 61000-3-2. Harmonics < 5 mA or < 0.6 % (whatever is greater) of the input current are not considered for calculation of THD.

5. Functions

5.1 Short-circuit behaviour

In case of a short circuit on the secondary side (LED) the LED driver switches off. After elimination of the short circuit the nominal operation is restored automatically.

5.2 No-load operation

The LED driver works in burst working mode to provide a constant output voltage regulation which allows the application to be able to work safely when LED string opens due to a failure.

5.3 Overload protection

If the maximum load is exceeded by a defined internal limit, the LED driver will protect itself by reducing the LED output current.
After elimination of the overload, the nominal operation is restored automatically.

6. Miscellaneous

6.1 Insulation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an insulation test with 500 V DC for 1 second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminal.
The insulation resistance must be at least 2 MΩ.

As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with 1500 V AC (or 1.414 x 1500 V DC). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

6.2 Conditions of use and storage

Humidity: 5 % up to max. 85 %, not condensed (max. 56 days/year at 85 %)

Storage temperature: -40 °C up to max. +80 °C

The devices have to be within the specified temperature range (ta) before they can be operated.

6.3 Maximum number of switching cycles

All LED driver are tested with 50,000 switching cycles.

6.4 Additional information

Additional technical information at www.tridonic.com → Technical Data

Lifetime declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim.
No warranty if device was opened.